

Sec. 7. Division of fees between agency and employer prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation, or any person employed or authorized by such person, firm, or corporation, to receive any part of any fee or any percentage of wages or any compensation of any kind whatever, that is agreed upon to be paid by any such employee to any employment bureau or agency for services rendered to any such employee in procuring for him employment with such person, firm, or corporation.

Sec. 8. Employment agencies required to keep records. Every person, firm, or corporation operating an employment agency or engaged in the business of finding employment for others for which any fee is charged, shall keep a record of the applications received and what, if any, employment was found or furnished to the applicant, giving the name of each applicant and the name and address of his employer, if employment is found, and the fee charged each applicant.

Sec. 9. Investigation by labor commissioner. The labor commissioner, his deputy or inspectors, and the chief clerk of the bureau shall have authority to examine at any time the records, books, and any papers relating in any way to the conduct of any employment agency or bureau within the state, and must investigate any complaint made against any such employment agency or bureau, and if any violations of law are found he shall at once file or cause to be filed, an information against any person, firm, or corporation guilty of such violation of law.

Sec. 10. Violations--penalties. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act, or who shall refuse access to records, books or other papers relative to the conduct of such agency or bureau, to any person having authority to examine same, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100.00), or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed thirty (30) days.

Approved January 31, 1924.

CHAPTER 34
SUSPENSION OF STATE OFFICERS
H. F. 50

AN ACT to amend, revise, and codify chapter twenty-two (22) of title four (4) of the compiled code of Iowa and of the supplement to said code, relating to the suspension of state officers.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

That chapter twenty-two (22) of title four (4) of the compiled Code of Iowa and of the supplement to said Code is amended, revised, and codified to read as follows:

Section 1. Commission to examine accounts. The governor shall, when of the opinion that the public service requires such action, appoint, in writing, a commission of three (3) competent accountants and direct them to examine the books, papers, vouchers, moneys, securities, and documents in the possession or under the control of any state officer, board, commission, or of any person expending or directing the expenditure of funds belonging to or in the possession of the state.

Sec. 2. Power of commission. Said commissioners while in session shall have power to issue subpoenas, to call any person to testify in reference to any fact connected with their investigation and to require such persons to produce any paper or book which the district court might require to be produced.

Each commissioner shall have power to administer oaths.

Sec. 2-a1. Refusal to obey subpoena - fees. If any witness, duly subpoenaed, refuses to obey said subpoena, or refuses to testify, said commission shall certify said fact to the district court of judge thereof of the county where the investigation is being had and said court or judge shall proceed with said witness in the same manner as though said refusal had occurred in a legal proceeding before said court or judge. Witnesses shall be paid in the same manner provided for witnesses before the executive council and from the same appropriation.

Sec. 3. Nature of report. Such accountants shall make out a full, complete, and specific statement of the transactions of said officer with, for, or on behalf of the state, showing the true balances in each case, and report the same to the governor, with such suggestions as they may think proper.

Sec. 4. Duty of governor. The governor, if he finds from said report that matters exist which would be grounds for removing said officer from office, shall proceed as follows:

1. If the officer is an elective state officer, not removable under impeachment proceedings, or if said officer is an appointive state officer, he shall lay a copy of said report before the attorney general.

2. If the officer is an appointive state officer, he shall also lay a copy of said report before the executive council.

3. If the officer is one who is removable only under impeachment proceedings he shall, by written order, forthwith suspend such officer from the exercise of his office, and require him to deliver all the moneys, books, papers, and other property of the state to him, to be disposed of as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 5. Effect of order - penalty. It shall be unlawful for such officer, after making of such order of suspension, to exercise or attempt to exercise any of the functions of his office until such suspension shall be revoked; and any attempt to exercise such office by the suspended officer shall be punished by imprisonment, in the county jail not more than one (1) year, or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), or by both fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. Temporary appointment. On the making of such order, the governor shall appoint a temporary incumbent of said office. Such appointee after qualifying, shall perform all the duties and enjoy all the rights belonging to the said office, until the removal of the suspension of his predecessor, or the appointment or election of a successor.

Sec. 7. Governor to protect state. When the governor shall suspend any public officer, he shall direct the proper legal steps to be taken to indemnify the state from loss.

Sec. 8. Governor to report to general assembly. Forthwith after the organization of the general assembly first convening after the making of said order of suspension, the governor shall lay before it the order and all information and evidence relating thereto in his possession.

Sec. 9. Effect of failure to impeach or convict. The adjournment of such assembly without voting articles of impeachment against such officer or a verdict of "not guilty" on such articles duly preferred, shall work a revocation of such order of suspension.

Sec. 10. Compensation of commissioners. Said commissioners shall each receive for the time actually employed in the performance of their duties the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) per day, which sum shall be paid out of any unappropriated funds in the state treasury.

Sec. 10-a1. Reports revealing grounds of removal. When any report as to the condition of a state office, other than the report of said commission, is made and filed under authority of law, and said report reveals grounds for the removal from office of a public officer, the person filing said report shall also file a copy thereof with the governor and with the attorney general.

Approved February 27, 1924.

CHAPTER 35
INTOXICATING LIQUORS
S. F. 51

AN ACT to amend, revise, and codify sections nine hundred sixteen (916), nine hundred seventeen (917), nine hundred nineteen (919), nine hundred sixty-two (962), nine hundred sixty-five (965) to nine hundred sixty-seven (967), inclusive, nine hundred sixty-nine (969) to nine hundred seventy-three (973), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-eight (978), nine hundred seventy-nine (979), nine hundred eighty (980), nine hundred eighty-one (981) to nine hundred ninety-seven (997), inclusive, nine hundred ninety-nine (999) to ten hundred eighteen (1018), inclusive, ten hundred twenty (1020), ten hundred twenty-three (1023), and ten hundred twenty-five (1025) to ten hundred twenty-seven (1027), inclusive, ninety-two hundred sixty-six (9266) and ninety-two hundred sixty-seven (9267), of the compiled code of Iowa, and sections nine hundred fourteen (914), nine hundred fifteen (915), nine hundred eighteen (918), nine hundred sixty-eight (968), nine hundred seventy-four-a one (974-a1) to nine hundred seventy-four-a three (974-a3), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-five (975), nine hundred seventy-six-a one (976-a1) to nine hundred seventy-six-a six (976-a6), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-seven-a one (977-a1) to nine hundred seventy-seven-a seven (977-a7), inclusive, nine hundred ninety-eight (998), ten hundred nineteen (1019), ten hundred twenty-a one (1020-a1), and ten hundred twenty-four (1024) of the supplement to said code, relating to intoxicating liquors.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

That sections nine hundred sixteen (916), nine hundred seventeen (917), nine hundred nineteen (919), nine hundred sixty-two (962), nine hundred sixty-five (965) to nine hundred sixty-seven (967), inclusive, nine hundred sixty-nine (969) to nine hundred seventy-three (973), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-eight (978), nine hundred seventy-nine (979), nine hundred eighty (980), nine hundred eighty-one (981) to nine hundred ninety-seven (997), inclusive, nine hundred ninety-nine (999) to ten hundred eighteen (1018), inclusive, ten hundred twenty (1020), ten hundred twenty-three (1023), and ten hundred twenty-five (1025) to ten hundred twenty-seven, inclusive, ninety-two hundred sixty-six (9266) and ninety-two hundred sixty-seven (9267), of the compiled Code of Iowa, and sections nine hundred fourteen (914), nine hundred fifteen (915), nine hundred eighteen (918), nine hundred sixty-eight (968), nine hundred seventy-four-a one (974-a1) to nine hundred seventy-four-a three (974-a3), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-five (975), nine hundred seventy-six-a one (976-a1) to nine hundred seventy-six-a six (976-a6), inclusive, nine hundred seventy-seven-a one (977-a1) to nine hundred seventy-seven-a seven (977-a7), inclusive, nine hundred ninety-eight (998), ten hundred nineteen (1019), ten hundred twenty-a one (1020-a1), and ten hundred twenty-four (1024) of the supplement to said Code are amended, revised, and codified to read as follows: